

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

Fiscal Agent of the United States

Circular No. 9141
September 9, 1981

OFFERING OF TWO SERIES OF TREASURY BILLS

\$4,500,000,000 of 91-Day Bills, To Be Issued September 17, 1981, Due December 17, 1981

\$4,500,000,000 of 182-Day Bills, To Be Issued September 17, 1981, Due March 18, 1982

*To All Incorporated Banks and Trust Companies, and Others
Concerned, in the Second Federal Reserve District:*

Following is the text of a notice issued today by the Treasury Department:

The Department of the Treasury, by this public notice, invites tenders for two series of Treasury bills totaling approximately \$9,000 million, to be issued September 17, 1981. This offering will provide \$575 million of new cash for the Treasury, as the maturing regular 13-week and 26-week bills are outstanding in the amount of \$8,426 million. The additional issues of 16-day and 9-day cash management bills totaling \$6,506 million issued on September 1, 1981, and September 8, 1981, and maturing September 17, 1981, will be redeemed at maturity.

The \$8,426 million of regular maturities includes \$1,497 million currently held by Federal Reserve Banks as agents for foreign and international monetary authorities and \$2,088 million currently held by Federal Reserve Banks for their own account. The two series offered are as follows:

91-day bills (to maturity date) for approximately \$4,500 million, representing an additional amount of bills dated June 18, 1981, and to mature December 17, 1981 (CUSIP No. 912793 8D1), currently outstanding in the amount of \$4,027 million, the additional and original bills to be freely interchangeable.

182-day bills for approximately \$4,500 million, to be dated September 17, 1981, and to mature March 18, 1982 (CUSIP No. 912794 AJ3).

Both series of bills will be issued for cash and in exchange for Treasury bills maturing September 17, 1981. Tenders from Federal Reserve Banks for themselves and as agents for foreign and international monetary authorities will be accepted at the weighted average prices of accepted competitive tenders. Additional amounts of the bills may be issued to Federal Reserve Banks, as agents for foreign and international monetary authorities, to the extent that the aggregate amount of tenders for such accounts exceeds the aggregate amount of maturing bills held by them.

The bills will be issued on a discount basis under competitive and non-competitive bidding, and at maturity their par amount will be payable without interest. Both series of bills will be issued entirely in book-entry form in a minimum amount of \$10,000 and in any higher \$5,000 multiple, on the records either of the Federal Reserve Banks and Branches, or of the Department of the Treasury.

Tenders will be received at Federal Reserve Banks and Branches and at the Bureau of the Public Debt, Washington, D.C. 20226, up to 1:30 p.m., Eastern Daylight Saving time, Monday, September 14, 1981. Form PD 4632-2 (for 26-week series) or Form PD 4632-3 (for 13-week series) should be used to submit tenders for bills to be maintained on the book-entry records of the Department of the Treasury.

Each tender must be for a minimum of \$10,000. Tenders over \$10,000 must be in multiples of \$5,000. In the case of competitive tenders, the price offered must be expressed on the basis of 100, with not more than three decimals, e.g., 99.925. Fractions may not be used.

Banking institutions and dealers who make primary markets in Government securities and report daily to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York their positions in and borrowings on such securities may submit tenders for account of customers, if the names of the customers and the amount for each customer are furnished. Others are only permitted to submit tenders for their own account. Each tender must state the amount of any net long position in the bills being offered if such position is in excess of \$200 million. This information should reflect positions held as of 12:30 p.m., Eastern time, on the day of the auction. Such positions

would include bills acquired through "when issued" trading, and futures and forward transactions as well as holdings of outstanding bills with the same maturity date as the new offering, e.g., bills with three months to maturity previously offered as six-month bills. Dealers who make primary markets in Government securities and report daily to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York their positions in and borrowings on such securities, when submitting tenders for customers, must submit a separate tender for each customer whose net long position in the bills offered exceeds \$200 million.

Payment for the full par amount of the bills applied for must accompany all tenders submitted for bills to be maintained on the book-entry records of the Department of the Treasury. A cash adjustment will be made on all accepted tenders for the difference between the par payment submitted and the actual issue price as determined in the auction.

No deposit need accompany tenders from incorporated banks and trust companies and from responsible and recognized dealers in investment securities for bills to be maintained on the book-entry records of Federal Reserve Banks and Branches.

Public announcement will be made by the Department of the Treasury of the amount and price range of accepted bids. Competitive bidders will be advised of the acceptance or rejection of their tenders. The Secretary of the Treasury expressly reserves the right to accept or reject any or all tenders, in whole or in part, and the Secretary's action shall be final. Subject to these reservations, noncompetitive tenders for each issue for \$500,000 or less without stated price from any one bidder will be accepted in full at the weighted average price (in three decimals) of accepted competitive bids for the respective issues.

Settlement for accepted tenders for bills to be maintained on the book-entry records of Federal Reserve Banks and Branches must be made or completed at the Federal Reserve Bank or Branch on September 17, 1981, in cash or other immediately available funds or in Treasury bills maturing September 17, 1981. Cash adjustments will be made for differences between the par value of the maturing bills accepted in exchange and the issue price of the new bills.

Under Section 454(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, the amount of discount at which these bills are sold is considered to accrue when the bills are sold, redeemed, or otherwise disposed of. Section 1232(a)(4) provides that any gain on the sale or redemption of these bills that does not exceed the ratable share of the acquisition discount must be included in the Federal income tax return of the owner as ordinary income. The acquisition discount is the excess of the stated redemption price over the taxpayer's basis (cost) for the bill. The ratable share of this discount is determined by multiplying such discount by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the taxpayer held the bill and the denominator of which is the number of days from the day following the taxpayer's date of purchase to the maturity of the bill. If the gain on the sale of a bill exceeds the taxpayer's ratable portion of the acquisition discount, the excess gain is treated as short-term capital gain.

Department of the Treasury Circulars, Public Debt Series—Nos. 26-76 and 27-76, and this notice, prescribe the terms of these Treasury bills and govern the conditions of their issue. Copies of the circulars and tender forms may be obtained from any Federal Reserve Bank or Branch, or from the Bureau of the Public Debt.

This Bank will receive tenders for both series up to 1:30 p.m., Eastern Daylight Saving time, Monday, September 14, 1981, at the Securities Department of its Head Office and at its Buffalo Branch. Tender forms for both series are enclosed. Please use the appropriate forms to submit tenders and return them in the enclosed envelope marked "Tender for Treasury Bills." Forms for submitting tenders directly to the Treasury are available from the Government Bond Division of this Bank. Tenders not requiring a deposit may be submitted by telegraph, subject to written confirmation; no tenders may be submitted by telephone. *Payment for Treasury bills cannot be made by credit through the Treasury Tax and Loan Account. Settlement must be made in cash or other immediately available funds or in Treasury securities maturing on or before the issue date.*

Results of the last weekly offering of Treasury bills are shown on the reverse side of this circular.

ANTHONY M. SOLOMON,
President.

(OVER)

RESULTS OF LAST WEEKLY OFFERING OF TREASURY BILLS **(TWO SERIES TO BE ISSUED SEPTEMBER 10, 1981)**

Range of Accepted Competitive Bids

91-Day Treasury Bills Maturing December 10, 1981				182-Day Treasury Bills Maturing March 11, 1982		
	Price	Discount Rate	Investment Rate ¹	Price	Discount Rate	Investment Rate ¹
High	96.069	15.551%	16.41%	92.037	15.751%	17.35%
Low	96.046	15.642%	16.51%	92.011	15.802%	17.41%
Average	96.054	15.611%	16.48%	92.015	15.795%	17.40%

¹Equivalent coupon-issue yield.

(16 percent of the amount of 91-day bills
bid for at the low price was accepted.)

(62 percent of the amount of 182-day bills
bid for at the low price was accepted.)

Total Tenders Received and Accepted

<i>91-Day Treasury Bills</i> <i>Maturing December 10, 1981</i>			<i>182-Day Treasury Bills</i> <i>Maturing March 11, 1982</i>		
<i>By F.R. District (and U.S. Treasury)</i>	<i>Received</i>	<i>Accepted</i>	<i>Received</i>	<i>Accepted</i>	
Boston	\$ 60,035,000	\$ 54,935,000	\$ 84,965,000	\$ 49,065,000	
New York	6,706,180,000	3,593,500,000	7,077,510,000	3,692,790,000	
Philadelphia	25,745,000	25,745,000	74,555,000	22,905,000	
Cleveland	44,280,000	39,280,000	209,305,000	94,805,000	
Richmond	30,415,000	30,415,000	74,375,000	48,875,000	
Atlanta	41,715,000	41,115,000	67,340,000	53,740,000	
Chicago	638,785,000	188,785,000	562,465,000	52,670,000	
St. Louis	39,170,000	30,170,000	58,520,000	39,870,000	
Minneapolis	11,850,000	9,850,000	16,355,000	10,155,000	
Kansas City	36,590,000	36,590,000	52,310,000	51,320,000	
Dallas	16,505,000	16,505,000	22,825,000	20,825,000	
San Francisco	573,420,000	227,410,000	690,215,000	131,200,000	
U.S. Treasury	206,760,000	206,760,000	237,815,000	237,815,000	
TOTALS	\$8,431,450,000	\$4,501,060,000	\$9,228,555,000	\$4,506,035,000	
<i>By class of bidder</i>					
Public					
Competitive	\$6,234,445,000	\$2,304,055,000	\$6,594,295,000	\$1,871,775,000	
Noncompetitive	782,305,000	782,305,000	944,960,000	944,960,000	
SUBTOTALS	\$7,016,750,000	\$3,086,360,000	\$7,539,255,000	\$2,816,735,000	
Federal Reserve	1,304,800,000	1,304,800,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	
Foreign Official Institutions ..	109,900,000	109,900,000	689,300,000	689,300,000	
TOTALS	\$8,431,450,000	\$4,501,060,000	\$9,228,555,000	\$4,506,035,000	

September 9, 1981

TREASURY ANNOUNCES INCREASE IN MAXIMUM AWARD LIMITATION

The following statement was issued by the Treasury Department, in connection with its offering of 3- and 6-month Treasury bills to be issued September 17, 1981:

Effective with this auction, the Treasury is raising the limit on the maximum amount any one bidder may purchase in a bill, note, or bond auction. The maximum award will be increased from 25% to 35% of the combined amounts of competitive and noncompetitive securities available for purchase by the public. The public portion of an auction excludes securities allotted within an auction to the Federal Reserve in exchange for maturing securities held for its own account and for the accounts of foreign official institutions. The ceiling is being raised to lessen an auction requirement which had been made more restrictive in 1979.

The requirement in the auction of Treasury bills for bidders to report the amount of any net long position exceeding \$200 million in the bills being offered will remain in effect, and such amounts will be used in determining the maximum award to any one bidder. The need for this restriction will continue to be reviewed for possible future adjustments.

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